

# COCKSFOOT

## DANA

EARLY

MEDIUM

LATE

### WINTER ACTIVE

DANA is a late-maturing, highly palatable cocksfoot grass that produces a dense, leafy sward, without the bunching of traditional cocksfoot. This variety is more winter active, promoting earlier production in spring and later production in autumn. Being winter active, DANA is less winter hardy than varieties that are dormant during winter. DANA is an excellent choice as it is drought tolerant and produces forage later into the summer. DANA exhibits exceptional rust resistance and is well-suited for grazing as well as hay production.

With its excellent palatability and growth pattern, DANA is well-suited to grazing systems. It can also be conserved as silage or hay. DANA performs well in a pure stand, and in mixed plantings with legumes.

DANA is highly adaptable but prefers light textured, well-drained soils. This variety excels in drier conditions. DANA can be established in early spring or late summer, depending on soil texture. Fine-textured soils may be too wet to plant in spring, therefore a late summer seeding is required. Coarser, drier soils may be planted in spring or late summer. DANA may be established through full cultivation, no-till or broadcasting seed. As establishment of cocksfoot grass is slower than other species, suppression of competitors is critical to sward establishment. At planting, apply 38 to 43kg of nitrogen per hectare. Plant no deeper than 0.6cm below the surface.

- Dense, leafy sward
- Drought tolerant
- Extended growing season
- High yields
- High palatability and nutritive value
- Exceptional rust resistance
- Seeding rate 20 - 35kg/ha

Once established, DANA is persistent. To maintain stand density. It cannot be grazed as frequently or as low as other cool season grasses. DANA stores its energy higher in the sward than other cool season grasses, therefore it should be grazed or cut no shorter than 8 to 10cm to assist in rapid regrowth

